### **Light is OSRAM**

# **OSRAM**

## OTi DALI 50/220-240/24 4CH DT6/8 OTi DALI 80/220-240/24 4CH DT6/8

24 V Multi-channel Constant Voltage LED driver Dimmable range 0/0,1% - 100%

#### **Benefits**

Long lasting and high reliability.

DALI-2 DT6 and DT8 features in one driver.

DT6: 1 - 4 independent channels.

DT8: TW applications.

Self-configuring channels.

High efficiency in slim form factor.

Patent pending flicker-free dimming until 0,1%.

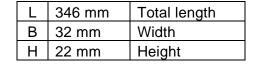
#### **Applications**

Hospitality, cove lighting, shops. Suitable for indoor CLASS I and CLASS II luminaires. Housing material: plastic, white

\* image for information purpose only

#### **Approvals**























When not printed on product label, they are under evaluation.

#### **Product Features**

- DT6: 1 to 4 self-configuring DALI channels
- DT8 selectable by dip-switch or T4T
- Lamp Failure detection
- CLASS II independent housing
- Smart Power Supply
- SELV, Vout: 24,2 V
- t<sub>a</sub> range -20...+45°C
- Overload/Over temperature and Short circuit protection
- \*10% cumulated failure, 24 h = 14 h ON, 10 h Standby

- Dimmable via DALI interface
- Very low min dimming level: 0,1%
- Mains voltage: 220–240 V<sub>ac</sub> / 176–276 V<sub>dc</sub>
- 50'000 h lifetime at max t<sub>C</sub>\*
- 5 years guarantee\*
- IP20 independent housing (cable clamp)
- Double button Touch DIM compatibility
- Emergency lighting compatibility

## **Electrical specification**

	Item	Value		Unit	Remarks / Condition		
	Nominal line voltage	220 – 240		V			
	Mains line frequency	0 / 50 / 60		Hz			
	AC voltage range	198 – 264		V	Max 350 V for 2 h. Auto switch	off > 280 V	
	DC voltage range	176 – 276		V	Wax 350 V 101 2 11. Auto switch on > 200 V		
		50 W: 0,24			_		
	Nominal current	80 W: 0,39		A	Typical @ full load, 230 V <sub>ac</sub> , 50 Hz		
	Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)	< 5		%	Full load, 230 V <sub>ac</sub> , 50 Hz, 3 % typ. See grap		
	Power factor λ	> 0,95			Full load, 230 V <sub>ac</sub> , 50 Hz, 0,99	typ. See graphs	
	Efficiency in full load	50 W: 9 80 W: 9		%	Typical, Full load, 230 V <sub>ac</sub> , 50 l	Hz, see graphs	
	Device power loss	50 W: 4 80 W: 6		W	Full load, 230 V <sub>ac</sub> , 50 Hz, Typical		
	Networked stand-by power	<0.50		W	230 V <sub>ac</sub> , 50 Hz. Typical 350 mW		
5	Protection Class	II		''			
INPUT	Suitable for fixtures with prot. Class	1/11					
2	Suitable for fixtures with prot. Class	1					
	Inrush current	50 W: 41 A <sub>pk</sub> / 150 μs 80 W:			Full Load, 240 $V_{ac}$ , Cold Start Duration = 50% / 50% $I_{pk}$		
	Max. units per circuit breaker:	46 A <sub>pk</sub> / 190 μs 50 W 80 W		Model			
	Max. ECG no. on circuit breaker 10 A (B)			Model	B-Type is underusing thermal protection		
		13			B-Type is underusing thermal p	Diotection	
	Max. ECG no. on circuit breaker 16 A (B)	21	15				
	Max. ECG no. on circuit breaker 25 A (B)	33	23				
	Max. ECG no. on circuit breaker 10 A (C)	22	15		C-Type is the preferable MCB	choice	
	Max. ECG no. on circuit breaker 16 A (C)	36	25				
	Max. ECG no. on circuit breaker 25 A (C)	56	39				
	Max. ECG no. on circuit breaker 10 A (D)	29	17		D-Type is underusing short-cire	cuit protection	
	Max. ECG no. on circuit breaker 16 A (D)	46 28					
	Nominal voltage	24,2		V			
	Voltage accuracy	± 2		%			
	Voltage ripple	< 1		$V_{pp}$	@ 100 Hz, full load. Typical < 500 mV <sub>pp</sub>		
١.		50 W: 0 – 50			Power factor, harmonics and	50 W: 18 – 50	
5	Nominal output power	80 W: 0 – 80		W	EMI guaranteed between:	80 W: 30 – 80	
DUTPUT	Maximum output power (at steady state)	50 W: 50		w	Smart Power to manage up to		
		80 W: 80		1	Full load on one channel only i		
	Minimum load for channel autodetection	0,25		W	One single SEU is typically det	ected	
	DC Output power (EL)	15		%			
	Galvanic isolation	SELV					
	Dimming interface	DALI 2.0			Proper DALI diagnostics with a (4.5 / 7.5 W) per channel and of		
45	Dimming range	0,1 – 100		%	Dali dimming steps (0 – 254)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
N S	Dimming method	PWM		/0	Dan diffilling Steps (0 – 234)		
Ξ	Dimining mounds	P <sub>ST</sub> < 1		1	For every dimming condition (r	10/1	
DIMMING	TLA (Flicker and strobe effects)	SVM < 0,4		┨ -	Extended SVM metrics (10 kHz		
-	Galvanic Isolation	Basic / Double			Basic DALI to Primary /		
	Ambient temperature range	-20+45		°C	Double DALI to Secondary		
		50 W: 70			Measured on t <sub>c</sub> point indicated of the prod la		
	Max. temperature at T <sub>c</sub> test point	80 W: 85		°C	t <sub>a</sub> not exceeded		
	Max. case temperature in fault condition	115		°C		<u> </u>	
	Storage temperature range	-40+85		°C			
A	Permitted rel. humidity during operation	5 – 85		%	Not condensing		
Z	Surge capability (L vs N)	1		kV	L/N according to EN 61547		
ME	Environmental rating	Indoor		İ	-		
NC	IP protection class	IP 20					
R	Mains switching cycles	> 100000		cycles	<u> </u>		
ENVIRONMENTAL	Expected ECG lifetime	30000		h	@ $t_a$ = 45°C, $t_c$ MAX and 10% failure rate, always ON		
		50000		h	@ $t_a$ = 45°C, $t_c$ MAX and 10% to 14 h ON and 10 h stand-by per		
		100000		h	@ t <sub>c</sub> - 10°C and 10% failure ra 14 h ON and 10 h stand-by pe	te,	

	Item	Value	Unit	Remarks / Condition
	No-load proof	Yes		Auto recovery
	Intended for no-load operation	No		
	Overheating protection	Yes		Auto recovery
	Overload protection	Yes		Auto recovery + Smart Power
	Short-circuit protection	Yes		Auto recovery
	Height	22	mm	
<b>(0</b>	Length	346	mm	Overall including fixing brackets
ONS	Width	32	mm	
Sic	Weight	380	g	
Z	Mounting holes interaxis	303	mm	
≥	Casing material	Plastic		White
٥	Type of connection	Screw terminals		0,2 – 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Wire preparation length	6/5	mm	Input / output terminals

#### **Protection**

Over temperature, Overload, Short-circuit, Input overvoltage, Output overvoltage. Reversible.

Full load on one-channel-only operation is allowed.



DIP switch for DT6 or DT8 selection

- − Input wires cross section: 0,5 − 2,5 mm². Screw driver: 3,5 mm
- Output wires cross section 0,2 1,5 mm<sup>2</sup>. Screw driver: 2,5 mm
- Wire peeling: input 6 mm, output 5 mm

#### LED wire length

EMI compliance was verified with maximum LED cable length of 3 m.

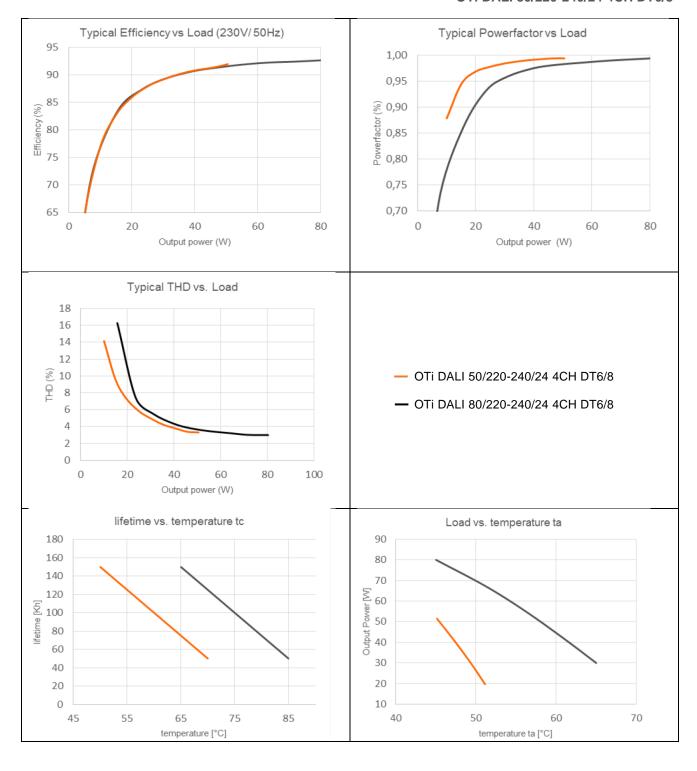
Longer cable lengths are possible, but EMI compliance must be checked in installation. Appropriate wire cross section must be carefully selected to reduce voltage drop. Below matrix shows the maximum LED load power according to cable length and section, at 25°C.

The proper wire section will ensure that the LED module input voltage is at least 23 V in the single-load worst case condition.

Vout 24,2V / nominal 50 W			Cable length [m]					
	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>	5	10	20	30	40	50
	18	0.75	50	50	29	19	15	12
	17	1	50	50	39	26	19	16
Cable section	16	1.5	50	50	50	39	29	23
	14	2.5	50	50	50	50	48	39
	12	4	50	50	50	50	50	50

V <sub>out</sub> 24,2V / nominal 80 W			Cable length [m]					
	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>	5	10	20	30	40	50
	18	0.75	80	58	29	19	15	12
	17	1	80	78	39	26	19	16
Oakla aastian	16	1.5	80	80	58	39	29	23
Cable section	14	2.5	80	80	80	64	48	39
	12	4	80	80	80	80	77	62
	10	6	80	80	80	80	80	80

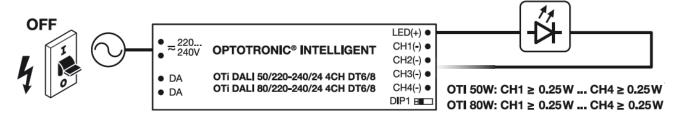
Values are indicative. Each connection may increase total voltage drop.



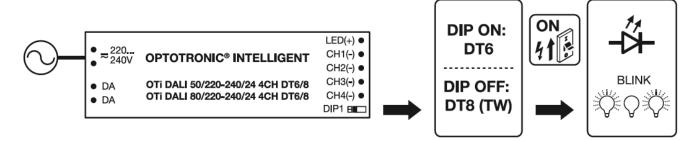
#### Channel addressing procedure (DT6)

#### AUTO ADDRESSING ON FIRST POWER UP

The ECG performs auto-channel-detection on first power up when set to DT6 operation (dip-switch: on).



- 1. Connect the LED loads to the desired channels from 1 to 4.
- Select "Device Type" to with the dip-switch: DIP-SW ON: DT6 (default) DIP-SW OFF: DT8 TW
   DT8 TW allows using only CH1 (Cold) and CH2 (Warm) outputs

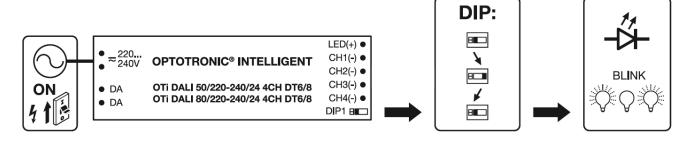


- Connect the ECG to the mains: the LED loads start blinking.
- 4. After blinking stops, a DALI address has been assigned to each detected load.

Notes: There is no need to connect the first load to CH1, nor to fill sequentially the terminals: the addresses will be assigned orderly just according to the detected loads, e.g. connecting to CH2 and CH4 will generate two DALI addresses. The outputs not connected to any load during the autodetect phase will stay off and won't get a DALI address.

#### ADDRESSING ERROR FIXING OR RESET

Every time the driver recognizes a dip-switch operation (from ON to OFF or vice-versa) it resets its channel configuration. In case DT6 addressing is newly required, the autodetection sequence can be restarted. In order to recognize the change, the driver must be active (powered, not stand-by) during or after each dip-switch operation.



For instance, in order to reconfigure the driver for a new DT6 load configuration, after connecting or disconnecting new loads, move the dip-switch from ON to OFF, then from OFF to ON, during power-on or powering on after each operation.

#### Tunable White (TW) DALI-2 DT6 and DT8 modes

These drivers can operate in TW operation under DALI-2 Device Type 6 or Device Type 8 mode.

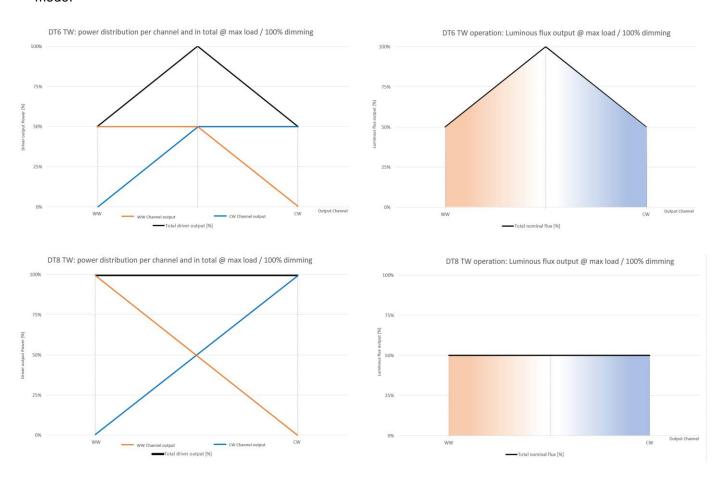
DALI-2 DT6 needs two DALI addresses to operate in TW, one for warm white channel and one for cool white channel, while DALI-2 DT8 only needs one address for two channels.

DT6 mode allow LED load to be fully powered using 100% of its rated output. At fixed dimming condition, shifting from one CCT to the other will have impact on output luminous flux.

DT8 mode will prevent luminous flux alteration when moving through CCTs at the same dimming condition but limited to this setting the devices are able to support nominal power output (50 – 80 W) on each one of the two connected channels.

Refer to below graphs to understand driver behavior on output power and luminous output of connected LED load.

Always make sure the DALI Master (if used) in the installation supports the designed DALI-2 "Device Type" mode.



#### **Driver programming**

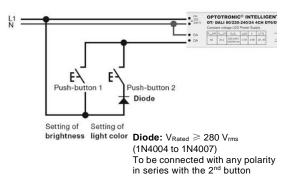
Connecting the drivers to OSRAM T4T tool (dip-switch override) allows the following programming options:

- Autodetected independent 1 to 4 channels DT6 One address per channel (factory default).
- Preset fixed independent 1 to 4 channels DT6 One address per channel.
- One DALI address, DT8 tunable white (TW).
- One DALI address, DT6 4 synchronized channels (SYNC).
- \*Touch DIM, 1-4 synchronized channels (DT6 default with 1, 3 or 4 channels, 1st push-button only).
- Touch DIM, 2 synchronized channels.
- \*Touch DIM, 2 independent channels (DT6 default with 2 channels, 1st and 2nd push-button use).
- \*Touch DIM TW (DT8 default, 1st push-button for brightness and 2nd push-button for color).
- Touch DIM, Dim to Warm.

\*: These are factory default configuration modes and do not require initial DALI programming by T4T, they are simply used and kept once the external buttons are recognized (1st button Long Press, 5 s without DALI frames after last turn-on). All the other operating modes need specific programming by the T4T application via DALI connection.

(1): Only the autodetection allows arbitrary use of output terminals as above described. If a fixed number of channels is programmed by the T4T, the autodetection is disabled and the output terminals must be used in their assigned order.

#### Single and double Touch DIM



This driver supports single and double button Touch DIM operation. The 2<sup>nd</sup> button must be connected in parallel with the 1<sup>st</sup> by means of a diode.

- As per factory default configuration, the Touch DIM mode is auto-detected and stored through a Long Press of the 1<sup>st</sup> button; the operation is as follows:
- The 1st button to control the dimming level.
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> button to change the CCT mixing (DT8 TW) or the second channel level (DT6 independent).

#### Additional information

- The Touch DIM input voltage ranges from 10 Vac to 264 Vac and has single insulation from mains.
- DALI and Touch DIM must never be used at the same time: control is achieved either with DALI controller or with the Touch DIM function (self-recognized or previously programmed via DALI).
- Up to 20 ECGs can be controlled via direct push-button use. The number of push-buttons is limited
  by the sum of the overall cable length between switch(es) and the connected ECGs: maximum
  length should not exceed 25 m. In case of longer distances, a small transformer or a DALI repeater
  must be used to overcome line capacitance; this transformer cannot be used in case of rectified
  second button usage.
- For additional features, the button operation can be configured by means of the T4T application.

#### **Touch DIM operation**

The following item-list briefly describes the use of push-button for brightness control (1, 2 or SYNC CH):

- Switching the lamp on/off: Short Press (< 0,5 s).
- Dimming: Long Press (> 0,5 s); the dimming direction is changed with each press.
- Store reference value: double-click (press twice within 0,4 s) while lamp is  $On \rightarrow S$  witch to  $Mode\ 2$ .
- Delete reference value: double-click while lamp status is Off → Switch to Mode 1.
- Long Press while lamp status off: the lamp is switched on at the minimum dimmer setting and faded up until the push-button is released.

In case of CCT Control (2<sup>nd</sup> button in TW mode), operation is similarly replicated but for white temperature:

- Short Press: sets the color temperature to mid of scale and the shift direction to warmer.
- Long Press: shifts color; the shifting direction is changed with each press.
- Double Press: sets *Mode 2* for color if lamp is on, or *Mode 1* if lamp is off (color blink confirmation).

#### **Operating Modes**

- Mode 1: the switch-on value is always the last brightness/CCT before the lighting was switched off.
- Mode 2: the switch-on value is the value stored by double clicking (default mode).

#### Re-synchronization

In case of many ECGs connected to the same Touch DIM buttons, there is a chance that an ECG will operate out of synchronism with the others (different on/off state, dimming level or CCT/color). To have all of them back in synchronism, just apply a Long – Short – Long sequence, and in case apply a double-click afterwards to store a new common reference level. Short press on PB2 re-synchronize CCT/color.

#### Programming

Several parameters of Touch DIM can be programmed by T4T, for instance the dimming limits, fading times, enable/disable functions, etc.

#### Light sensors

The Touch DIM system enables using Presence Sensors and/or Light Sensor directly connected to the DALI terminals. For such an application, please refer to OSRAM on-line documentation and catalogue.

#### Remarks

- Product performances below minimal load condition: the output power is still generated if the total load is below the minimum output power (18 W for OTI DALI 50 and 30 W for OTI DALI 80, on single channel or distributed in different channels), without any safety risk, but performances regarding THD, EMI, etc. are not guaranteed. See typical operation window graph for details.
- Output short circuit protection: short circuit current is limited without damaging the unit. The short circuit protection is self-restoring.
- Output overload protection: in case of overload (< 125%), the device automatically dims down the output to keep the average power within 50 W (for OTi DALI 50) or 80 W (for OTi DALI 80) and let the LED load warm-up. When the load exceeds the 125% of maximum nominal output power, the LED load will blink to manifest a fault condition, till the short circuit limit (> 200%).

- Input over voltage protection: driver is capable of having input of max 350 V for 2 hours. To prevent damages to the unit, driver performs auto switch off when input voltage is > 280 V<sub>ac</sub>, therefore driver operation in this abnormal condition is not guaranteed. The over voltage protection is self-restoring.
- Lamp failure detection: minimum load per channel that doesn't trigger open circuit detection is 4.5 W
   (for OTi DALI 50) or 7.5 W (for OTi DALI 80).
- No load operation: do not put a switch between ECG and load.
- Over temperature protection: the driver is protected against temporary overheating, so it automatically dims down when t<sub>c</sub> is exceeded, and eventually turns off. The protection is self-restoring.
- **Emergency lighting:** this LED power supply is suitable for emergency lighting fixtures acc. to EN 60598-2-22, with emergency output factor EOFI = 0,24 for OTi DALI 50 and EOFI = 0,15 for OTi DALI 80 (default values, programmable up to EOFI = 1 with  $P_{max}$  12 W) and related duration time of 10 h at least. Function in emergency is ensured up to  $t_a = 80^{\circ}$ C and  $t_c = 96^{\circ}$ C.
- Ecodesign regulation information:

Intended for use with LED modules. Separate control gear and light sources must be disposed of at certified disposal companies in accordance with Directive 2012/19/EU (WEEE) in the EU and with Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Regulations 2013 in the UK. For this purpose, collection points for recycling centres and take-back systems (CRSO) are available from retailers or private disposal companies, which accept separate control gear and light sources free of charge. In this way, raw materials are conserved and materials are recycled.

#### **Standards**

#### **Ordering information**

EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 61547 EN 61000-3-2 EN 60598-2-22 EN 62384 EN 62346

Product name	EAN 10	EAN 40	Pieces / Box
OTi DALI 50/220-240/24 4CH DT6/8	4062172177900	4062172177917	20
OTi DALI 80/220-240/24 4CH DT6/8	4062172177924	4062172177931	20

#### OSRAM GmbH

Head Office: Marcel-Breuer-Strasse 6 80807 Munich, Germany Phone +49 89 6213-0 www.osram.com



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